

SANT NIRANKARI PUBLIC SCHOOL

NIRANKARI COLONY

MONTH – JUNE, 2021

WEEK 3

WORKSHEET 1

SUBJECT – ACCOUNTANCY

CLASS – XI

FILL IN THE BLANKS

- Q 1. Word used for not showing the actual position in the financial statement is
- Q 2. Branch of accounting used to calculate cost of product is
- Q 3. Fixed assets are also known as
- Q 4. Main function of accounting is to maintain complete and systematic record of transactions.
- Q 5. Branch of commerce which keeps a record of monetary transactions in a set of books is called
- Q 6. The excess of revenue over expenses of an accounting year is known as
- Q 7. Amount invested in the business by the owner is known as
- Q 8. The branch of accounting which is concerned with GST and Income tax is known as
- Q 9. Excess of current assets over current liabilities is known as
- Q 10. Current Assets get converted in cash in a period of
- Q 11. Branch of accounting which assists in systematic recording of business transactions is known as
- Q 12. Assets used in the business for the purpose of re-sale are called
- Q 13. For the purpose of calculating net profit or net loss at the end of the accounting year, the statement prepared is called
- Q 14. To ensure reliability, the information disclosed must be
- Q 15. An event involving some value between two or more entities is known as
- Q 16. Total revenue earned from goods or services sold during accounting year is called
- Q 17. Use of common unit of measurement and common format of reporting promotes
- Q 18. Internal users are the persons who have direct interest in the business enterprise are known as and
- Q 19. Creditors and banks are the example of users of accounting.
- Q 20. Discount given to encourage prompt payment and which reduces bad debts is called

- Q 21.** Documentary evidence to support a business transaction is known as voucher, voucher prepared to deposit cash in bank is called
- Q 22.** Assets which do not have physical existence and can't be touched, seen but can be felt only are known as
- Q 23.** Bank Overdraft is an example of current liability and trade receivable is an example of
- Q 24.** Qualitative characteristics of accounting include reliability, comparability, understandability and
- Q 25.** Recording, classify and summarizing are also termed as

SUBJECT - ECONOMICS

PART -B MICROECONOMICS

UNIT: ECONOMICS, ECONOMY AND ITS CENTRAL PROBLEMS

I. Answer the following:

- Q 1.** What is microeconomics?
- Q 2.** What is macroeconomics?
- Q 3.** Consider the given statement 'During 2015-2016, the Indian economy registered a growth rate of 6.2%'. The above statement is an example of positive economics or normative economics?
- Q 4.** Define the following terms:
 (a) Planned economy
 (b) Market economy
- Q 5.** China is also an emerging economy like India, however it keeps on inventing new and further advanced technologies. Do you agree that if they keep on doing so, one day will come, when there will be no central problems in China?
- Q 6.** What is meant by economizing the use of resources?
- Q 7.** Give the meaning of opportunity cost.
- Q 8.** Define Transformation Curve?
- Q 9.** If production possibility curve shifts to the right, should it be parallel to the old one?
- Q 10.** In which direction will the PPC shift in the situation of earthquake or any other natural calamity?
- Q 11.** 'Opportunity cost is not an actual cost'. Do you agree?
- Q 12.** Ms. Prerna decided to go for higher studies after her graduation rather than opting for a job. What will be her opportunity cost of going for studies?
- Q 13.** What will be the shape of PPC when MRT is decreasing?
- Q 14.** Can PPC be a straight line curve?
- Q 15.** What is the formula to calculate MOC?

SANT NIRANKARI PUBLIC SCHOOL -9

SESSION [2021-22] APRIL

Class -11

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

JUNE WEEK-3 [Assignment 1]

1.Short-I Question Answers (1 Marks)

1. How many discipline of sports were there in Ist Kehlo India?
2. How many sports training and rules are available is Khelo-India app:
3. What is BMI?
4. Name the different competition for specially abled people:
5. What kind of professions are available in field of physical education sports and coaching:
6. Physical education teachers can teach in

SANT NIRANKARI PUBLIC SCHOOL

ASSIGNMENT 1- JUNE 21

CLASS-XI –PAINTING

Answer the following questions-

1. What is prehistoric period and historic period?
2. What are the 3 stone ages?
3. Which famous seal of Indus Valley art is included in your course of study?
4. Which color was commonly used in Harappan pottery?
5. Who made the dancing girl?
6. Where is dancing girl found?
7. What is the dancing girl holding in her left hand?
8. What is male torso made of?

Sant Nirankari Public School

Nirankari Colony

Class-XI

ASSIGNMENT-1 (WEEK-3)
SUBJECT: INFORMATICS PRACTICES
Topic: COMPUTER SYSTEM

Q-1 Answer the following questions:

1. Explain Different Parts of Computer System?
2. What is the need of operating system?
3. What are Storage Devices? Explain some common storage devices?
4. What is GUI?
5. Explain the different parts of CPU?
6. Explain the functions of operating system

ENTREPRENEURSHIP ASSIGNMENT-1

WEEK(3) JUNE

UNIT 1: ENTREPRENEURSHIP-WHAT,WHY AND HOW

FILL IN THE BLANKS:

1. The function of an entrepreneur that compares the actual performance with standard performance is called as _____.
2. An individual who undertakes the risk of starting a new enterprise is _____.
3. Meenakshi started a business of high heel sandals with push buttons so that heels can be reduced; it reveals _____ type of entrepreneurial function.
4. Channelizing the activities of various individuals in the organisation deals with _____ function of an entrepreneur.
5. The job of overseeing subordinates at work to ensure the maximum utilisation of resources deals with _____ function of an entrepreneur.
6. The psychological process of creating an urge among the subordinates to do certain things is called _____.
7. The term related to creation of goods and services is _____.
8. Systematic recording of financial transaction to know the financial position of a business is termed as _____.
9. Analysing the various sources of finance and arranging for them is called _____.
10. Making appointment for various positions defines _____ managerial function of an entrepreneur.
11. Taking responsibility for a loss deals with _____ type of an entrepreneurial function.
12. Deciding in advance, what to do, when to do, how to do and who will do a particular job is defined by _____ type of managerial function.
13. The exchange of ideas, feelings, emotions, knowledge and information between two or more persons in an organisation is known as _____.
14. The process of examining strength, weakness and work experience is termed as _____.
15. During the process of entrepreneurship _____ means researching and identifying resources needed to turn the idea into viable venture.
16. The last step of entrepreneurship process that includes selling the business is termed as _____.
17. Producing prototypes and test marketing services is done during _____ step of entrepreneurial process.
18. The process of directing/ guiding and influencing the work of others is known as _____.
19. In capitalist and developed countries _____ play an important role in economic development.
20. In socialist countries _____ play an important role in economic development.

Class-XI
Subject –English
Assignment-1 (JUNE, Week-3)

Poem-1:A Photograph

I. Read the extract given below and answer the questions that follow by choosing the most appropriate one.

**“The cardboard shows me how it was When the two girl cousins went paddling, Each one holding one of my mother’s hands,
And she the big girl – some twelve years or so.”**

Question 1.What does the cardboard here refer to?

- (a) A thick paper on which the poet’s photograph was pasted
- (b) A thick envelope
- (c) A thick paper on which the poet’s mother’s photograph was pasted
- (d) A paper boat

Question 2. What does the cardboard depict?

- (a) It depicts a scenery
- (b) It depicts the picture of a house
- (c) It depicts the picture of a school
- (d) It depicts the picture of three girls

Question 3. Who is the ‘big girl’ mentioned here?

- (a) The big girl is the poet herself
- (b) The big girl is the poet’s mother
- (c) The big girl is the poet’s relative
- (d) The big girl is the poet’s friend

**“All three stood still to smile through their hair At the uncle with the camera. A sweet face,
My mother’s, that was before I was born.
And the sea, which appears to have changed less,
Washed their terribly transient feet.”**

Question 1. What does the poet mean by ‘smile through their hair’?

- (a) It means that a smile was painted on the hair of the photographed girls
- (b) It means that the photographed girls were wearing a mask
- (c) It means that the hair of the photographed girls were covering their face when they were smiling
- (d) It means that the hair of the girls in the photograph was smiling too

Question 2.

What has not changed over a period of time?

- (a) The photo
- (b) The cardboard
- (c) The girls
- (d) The sea

Question 3.

Find a word from the extract which means “lasting only for a short time”?

- (a) Still
- (b) Transient
- (c) Changed
- (d) Less

“Some twenty-thirty – years later She’d laugh at the snapshot. “See Betty And Dolly,” she’d say, “and look how they Dressed us for the beach.” The sea holiday Was her past, mine is her laughter. Both wry With the laboured ease of loss.”

Question 1. Why did ‘she’ laugh?

- (a) Because of the funny dresses that they were wearing at the sea holiday
- (b) Because one of them cracked a joke
- (c) Because of the funny dresses they were wearing at the party
- (d) Because of the funny man they saw at the sea holiday

Question 2. Who are Betty and Dolly?

- (a) They are poet’s cousins
- (b) They are poet’s friends
- (c) They are poet’s mother’s friends
- (d) They are poet’s mother’s cousins

Question 3. in the extract is the synonym of ‘photograph’.

- (a) Snapshot
- (b) Picture
- (c) Mine
- (d) Laboured

BUSUNESS STUDIES-CLASS XI

ASSIGNMENT 1-CH-1 (week-3) JUNE

TRUE OR FALSE

1. Chartered Accountancy is a Profession
2. Membership of a professional body and certificate of practice is called Employment.
- 3..Industry may be divided into broad categories namely analytical synthetical and processing industry
- 4.. Extraction industries draw products from natural resources
5. Manufacturing industries may be further divided in to primary , secondary and tertiary industry
6. Secondary industries process such material to produce goods for final consumption by other industrial units

MCQ

7. The main objective of business is
 - a. Manager Performance
 - b. Earning Profit
 - c. Social Responsibility
 - d. innovation
8. In which economic activity capital is not required
 - a. Business
 - c. Profession

- Write the following sets in roster form
 - $A = \{x: x \in R, 2x + 11 = 15\}$
 - $B = \{x: x \in R, x^2 = x\}$
 - $C = \{x: x \text{ is a positive factor of a prime number } p\}$
- Write the following sets in roster form
 - $D = \{t: t \in R, t^3 = t\}$
 - $E = \{w: w \in R, \frac{w-2}{w+3} = 3\}$
 - $F = \{x: x \in R, x^4 - 5x^2 + 6 = 0\}$
- If $L = \{1,2,3,4\}$, $M = \{3,4,5,6\}$ and $N = \{1,3,5\}$ then verify that

$$L - (M \cup N) = (L - M) \cap (L - N)$$
- A, B and C are subsets of universal set U . If $A = \{2,4,6,8,12,20\}$, $B = \{3,6,9,12,15\}$, $C = \{5,10,15,20\}$ and U is the set of all whole numbers ,draw a venn diagram showing the relation of U,A,B and C.
- For all set A and B $(A - B) \cup (A \cap B) = A$
- Let $T = \{x | \frac{x+5}{x-7} - 5 = \frac{4x-40}{13-x}\}$. Is T is empty set ? Justify your ans

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NIRANKARI COLONY
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WEEK 3
WORKSHEET 2
SUBJECT – ACCOUNTANCY
CLASS – XI
FILL IN THE BLANKS

- Q 26.** The amount of goods lying unsold at the end of an accounting year is called
- Q 27.** The amount which is paid for increasing profit earning capacity of business is called
- Q 28.** Ethical or environmental activities of the firm are related to responsibility of a business.
- Q 29.** Monetary benefit received from sale of non-current assets is called
- Q 30.** Amount spent on cost of goods sold during a year and no benefit received on the same leads to
- Q 31.** The term purchase is used for purchase of goods only but not for purchase of
- Q 32.** Amount not recovered from trade receivables on account there insolvency is known as
- Q 33.** Amount paid for the purchase of goods is an example of
- Q 34.** Amount of cash invested in business is called capital whereas amount withdrawn from the business for personal use is known as
- Q 35.** The assets which are used in the business for a longer period of time are called
- Q 36.** Bad debts arise due to sale of goods on credit as well as
- Q 37.** Amount due from Ajay was Rs.10,000 being insolvent he paid Rs.2,500 only. Amount of bad debts from Ajay in terms of percentage will be
- Q 38.** Double entry system of accounting involves two aspects and
- Q 39.** Liquid Assets = Current Assets - Prepaid Expenses -
- Q 40.** Paying salary to employee is a business transaction whereas paying salary to personal maid

- of owner is termed as
- Q 41.** Buying of machine of Rs.10,00,000 for business is a capital expenditure whereas buying of a calculator for business is
- Q 42.** Sale of household furniture of Rs.50,000 of proprietor for Rs.45,000 and invested the same amount in business will be called as
- Q 43.** At the end of an accounting year, following balances are given:
Capital Rs.1,00,000 and Assets Rs.5,00,000; the amount of outside liabilities will be
- Q 44.** Ansari sold goods costing Rs.2,00,000 for Rs.2,60,000 and received cash Rs.2,43,500.
Amount of cash discount allowed will be
- Q 45.** Rent outstanding is an example of current liabilities whereas computer software for Microsoft is an example of
- Q 46.** Machine of Rs.6,00,000 was purchased at a commission of 10%. Total cost of machine will be Rs.
- Q 47.** Anushka started business with cash Rs.5,00,000; loan from friend. Rs.2,00,000 and assets Rs.7,00,000. Amount of internal liability of Anushka is
- Q 48.** Debtors + Bill Receivable + Short-term Investments + Marketable Securities are examples of Assets.
- Q 49.** Profit earned during year is called income and it is expressed as
- Q 50.** Proprietor borrowed long-term loan from bank on collateral of assets of Rs.1,00,000. It is an example of

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NIRANKARI COLONY

MONTH – JUNE, 2021

WEEK 3

WORKSHEET 2

SUBJECT – ECONOMICS

CLASS – XI

II. Answer the following:

(3/4 Marks)

- Q 1.** To what extent you would agree with the statement that 'scarce good commands high price'?
- Q 2.** Explain the problem of 'What to produce'.
- Q 3.** Explain the problem of 'How to produce'.
- Q 4.** Explain the problem of 'For whom to produce'.
- Q 5.** State the reason why economic problem arises.

SANT NIRANKARI PUBLIC SCHOOL -9

SESSION [2021-22] APRIL

Class -11

PHYSICAL EDUCATION

JUNE WEEK-3 [Assignment 2]

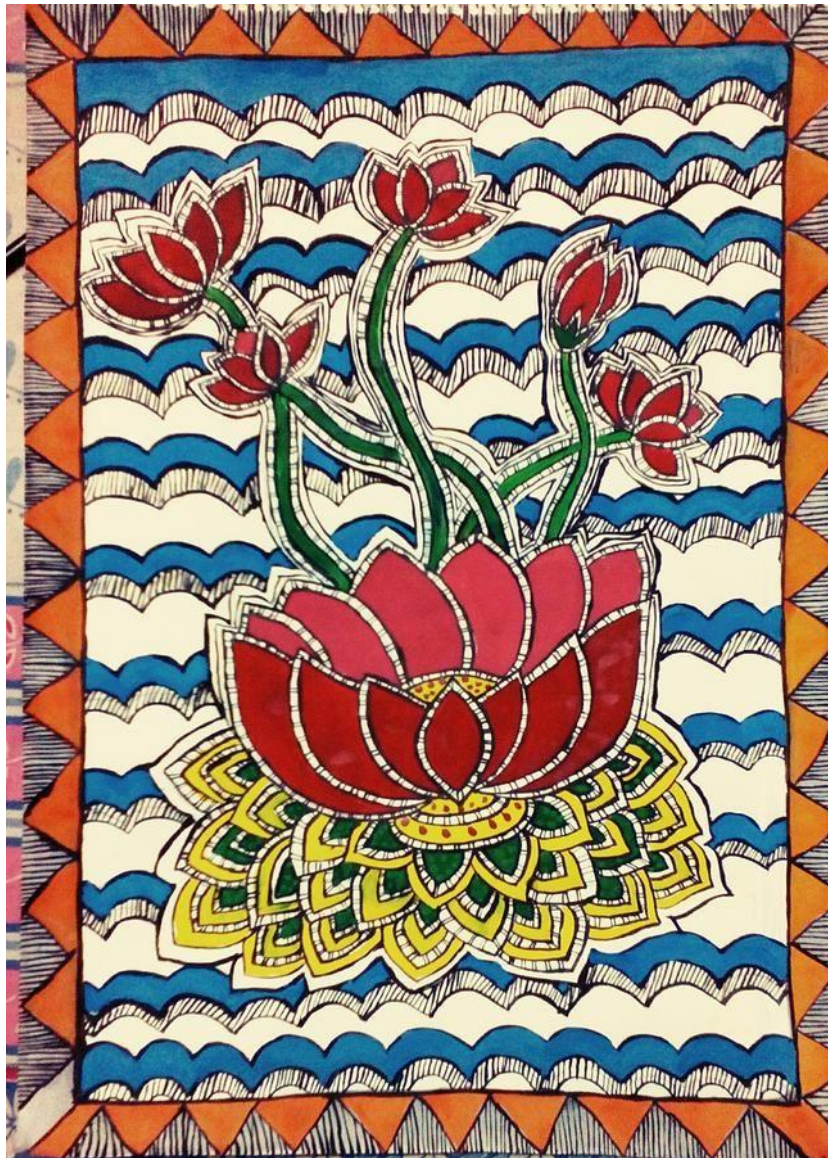
- 1.** Enlist various careers in the field of physical education.
- 2.** What are the aims and objective of A.F.I.?
- 3.** Give any two definitions of the aim of physical education.
- 4.** Explain the selection criteria of Khelo-India Program.
- 5.** What are the aims of Khelo-India Program?

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ASSIGNMENT 2- JUNE 21

CLASS-XI –PAINTING

Make it on A3 size sheet



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Class-XI

ASSIGNMENT-2 (WEEK-3)

SUBJECT: INFORMATICS PRACTICES

Topic: COMPUTER SYSTEM

Q-1 Answer the following questions:

1. What is the use of Memory?
2. What do you mean by Volatile and Non-Volatile Memory?
3. Why CPU is called the brain of computer?
4. What do you mean by software?

5. Explain the different categories of Software

ENTREPRENEURSHIP ASSIGNMENT-2

- In mixed economy both _____ and private entrepreneurs play an important role in economic development.
21. The entrepreneur moulds not only the enterprise but also alters the environment itself, that results in the _____ growth of an enterprise.
 22. An entrepreneur is also known as an agent of _____ in the society.
 23. Entrepreneurship is the yard stick to measure the development of a country, hence is known as _____ of a nation.
 24. Launching the venture and developing the customer base falls under _____ phase of process of entrepreneurship.
 25. The function of _____ is to arrange, guide, coordinate, direct and control the factors of production.
 26. The set of activities performed by an entrepreneur is known as _____.
 27. The economists view _____ as the fourth factor of production.
 28. According to sociologists, entrepreneurs are _____.
 29. The process of creation of an enterprise is known as _____.
 30. Foreseeing a potentially profitable opportunity and trying to exploit it is _____ entrepreneurial function.
 31. The allocation of productive resources in order to minimise losses is performed under _____ entrepreneurial function.
 32. The movement of goods and services from producer to ultimate consumer is done under _____ commercial function.
 33. The provisions of working conditions and welfare measures are _____ commercial function to maintain a good workforce.
 34. A ship on a voyage that has on board, innovative and creative men and women, who likes to do constructive things, is _____.
 35. The new age business ventures are more _____ and not just product based.
 36. Entrepreneurs are _____ who use the process of entrepreneurship to shatter the status quo of the existing product and services.
 37. It is a common myth that start ups can't be financed with a _____.
 38. A lot of entrepreneur use _____ than equity to fund their companies.
 40. The composition of debt and _____ is required to fund the companies

XI-English
Assignment-2 (JUNE, Week-3)

Lesson-The Portrait Of a Lady

1. Answer the following questions in about 30-40 words each:

Q A. Describe the grandmother in your own words.

QB. How were the narrator and the grandmother good friends in the village?

QC. What was the turning point in their friendship?

QD. What used to be the happiest moments of the day for the grandmother?

QE. How did the grandmother celebrate the homecoming of her grandson?

QF. How did the sparrows mourn the death of grandmother?

QG. How can you say that the grandmother was a kind-hearted woman?

QH. Write the three ways in which the author's grandmother spent her days in the city.

2. Answer the following question in 120-150 words.

Draw a character sketch of Khushwant Singh's grandmother as portrayed by him in the lesson 'The Portrait of a Lady'.

BUSINESS STUDIES-CLASS XI
ASSIGNMENT 2-CH-1 (week-3) JUNE

12. Which of the following broad categories of industries covers oil refinery and sugar mills ?
- Primary industries
 - Secondary industries
 - Commercial industries
 - Tertiary industries
13. An industry which is concerned with the extraction of natural resources from the earth .
- Synthetically industry
 - Assembling Industry
 - Genetic Industry
 - Primary Industry
14. An industry which is concerned with breeding , reproduction and multiplication of species.
- Analytical Industry
 - Genetic Industry
 - Process Industry
 - Tertiary Industry
15. An industry which is concerned with the nature of various material to form single product .
- Analytical Industry
 - Assembling Industry
 - Synthetically industry
 - Primary Industry
16. Commerce is a combination of two types of activities these are
- industry and trade
 - trade and Commerce
 - Trade and auxiliaries to trade**
 - production and consumption of goods
17. This trade refers to purchase of goods from one country for the purpose of selling them to another country. Identify it.
- import Trade
 - entrepot trade**
 - wholesale trade
 - export trade
18. There is a time gap between production and consumption of goods therefore warehousing is required which overcomes the problem of..
- Funds
 - Storage**
 - Time
 - place

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ASSIGNMENT - 2 (MATHEMATICS)

WEEK 3 (CLASS XI)

1. If A ,B and C be sets .Then Verify that $A \cap (B \cup C) = (A \cap B) \cup (A \cap C)$
2. In a class of 60 students, 25 students play cricket and 20 students play tennis and 10 students play both cricket and tennis, find number of student who play neither
3. *If A is any set then $A \subset A$ (True /False)*
4. *The sets $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ and $\{3, 4, 5, 6\}$ are equal (True /False)*
5. *The sets $A = \{1, 2, 0\}$ and $B = \{x \in R \quad 0 \leq x \leq 2\}$ are equal (True / False)*
6. $Q \cup Z = Q$ where q is the set of rational numbers and Z is the set of integers (true /False)